

Supplementary Online Content

de Boer IH, Rue TC, Hall YN, Heagerty PJ, Weiss NS, Himmelfarb J. Temporal trends in the prevalence of diabetic kidney disease in the United States. *JAMA*. 2011;305(24):2532-2539.

eTable. Prevalence of diabetic kidney disease among persons with diabetes in the United States

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable. Prevalence of diabetic kidney disease (DKD) among persons with diabetes in the United States^a

	No. ^b	DKD Prevalence (95% CI)		P Value for Trend
		Unadjusted, %	Adjusted Ratio ^c	
White (non-Hispanic)				
1988-1994	235	38.2 (31.9-44.6)	1 [Reference]	
1999-2004	249	34.6 (30.3-38.9)	0.93 (0.81-1.06)	0.39
2005-2008	232	34.8 (30-39.6)	0.95 (0.81-1.11)	
Black (non-Hispanic)				
1988-1994	187	33.5 (28-38.9)	1 [Reference]	
1999-2004	158	37.5 (32.1-42.8)	1.10 (0.94-1.30)	0.17
2005-2008	169	36.3 (30.6-42)	1.12 (0.94-1.33)	
Mexican American				
1988-1994	198	30.2 (24.5-35.9)	1 [Reference]	
1999-2004	199	31.7 (26-37.3)	1.02 (0.85-1.23)	0.73
2005-2008	110	32.7 (25.4-40)	1.04 (0.83-1.29)	

Abbreviation: CI, confidence interval.

^aThe *P* value for interaction by race/ethnicity is 0.54.

^bUnweighted number of National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey participants with DKD.

^cAdjusted for age, sex, and race/ethnicity.