Supplemental Online Content

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This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Factors Contributing to the Rate of Central Visual Field Mean Deviation Change Over Time by Univariable and Multivariable Mixed Model Analysis in POAG Eyes

	Univariable Model		**Multivariable Model 1**	
Variable	**β, 95 % CI**	***P* value**	**β, 95 % CI**	***P* value**
Age, per 10 years older	-0.01 (-0.10, 0.08)	.80	-0.00 (-0.10, 0.09)	.93
Sex: Female	-0.06 (-0.24, 0.12)	.54	NA	NA
Race: African American	0.20 (0.00, 0.39)	**.04**	0.16 (-0.03, 0.35)	.10
Self-reported diabetes	-0.15 (-0.38, 0.08)	.19	NA	NA
Self-reported hypertension	-0.01 (-0.20, 0.17)	.88	NA	NA
Axial length, per 1mm longer	-0.03 (-0.11, 0.04)	.41	NA	NA
CCT, per 100 µm thinner	0.13 (-0.07, 0.34)	.21	NA	NA
Baseline IOP, per 1 mmHg higher	0.00 (-0.02, 0.02)	.94	NA	NA
Mean IOP during follow-up, per 1 mmHg higher	-0.02 (-0.05, 0.00)	.10	-.02 (-0.04, 0.01)	.12
Baseline 10-2 VF MD, dB	0.01 (-0.00, 0.03)	.14	NA	NA
Follow-up period, per 1 year longer	0.04 (-0.04, 0.12)	.32	NA	NA
No. of VF follow-up visits, per 1 visit	-0.01 (-0.07, 0.05)	.74	NA	NA
OCT macula progressor group				
Fast - slow	-0.28 (-0.52,-0.05)	**.02**	-.24 (-0.48,-0.00)	**.05**

CCT = central corneal thickness; IOP = intraocular pressure; MD = mean deviation; OCT= optical coherence tomography; VF = visual field; No=Number, POAG= Primary Open Angle Glaucoma. Values are shown in β coefficient (95% confidence interval).

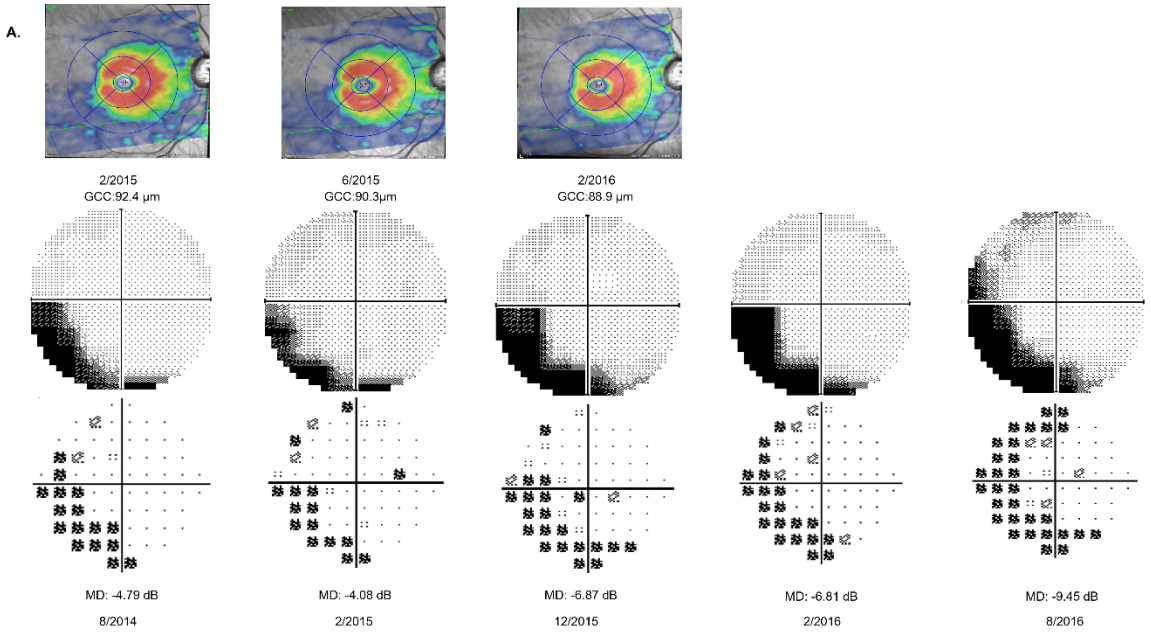
eTable 2. Factors Contributing to the Rate of Central Visual Field Mean Deviation Change Over Time by Univariable and Multivariable Mixed Model Analysis in Glaucoma-Suspect Eyes

	Univariable Model		**Multivariable Model 1**	
Variable	**β, 95 % CI**	***P* value**	**β, 95 % CI**	***P* value**
Age, per 10 years older	0.04 (-0.07, 0.16)	.47	0.06 (-0.07, 0.18)	.37
Sex: Female	0.22 (-0.05, 0.48)	.10	NA	NA
Race: African American	0.07 (-0.21, 0.35)	.60	NA	NA
Self-reported diabetes	0.17 (-0.25, 0.60)	.43	NA	NA
Self-reported hypertension	-0.10 (-0.37, 0.17)	.46	NA	NA
Axial length, per 1mm longer	0.10 (-0.02, 0.22)	.12	NA	NA
CCT, per 100 µm thinner	0.08 (-0.25, 0.41)	.65	NA	NA
Baseline IOP, per 1 mmHg higher	-0.01 (-0.03, 0.02)	.72	NA	NA
Mean IOP during follow-up, per 1 mmHg higher	-0.01 (-0.05, 0.03)	.51	0.01 (-0.04, 0.06)	.65
Baseline 10-2 VF MD, dB	-0.04 (-0.13, 0.06)	.45	NA	NA
Follow-up period, per 1 year longer	-0.01 (-0.11, 0.09)	.90	NA	NA
No. of VF follow-up visits, per 1 visit	0.02 (-0.07, 0.10)	.71	NA	NA
OCT macula progressor group				
Fast - slow	-0.26 (-0.55,0.04)	.09	-.30 (-0.63,-0.04)	.08

CCT = central corneal thickness; IOP = intraocular pressure; MD = mean deviation; OCT= optical coherence tomography; VF = visual field; No=Number. Values are shown in β coefficient (95% confidence interval).

eFigure. Case Examples of Fast (A) and Slow (B) OCT Progressor Group

The initial three OCTs used in the study are displayed, while representative 10-2 VF from the total follow-up period are presented. Respective dates are listed. (A) Testing from a 62-year-old white female. The estimated GCC change rate was -1.47 µm/year and estimated 10-2 VF MD rate of worsening was -1.02 dB/year. Initial follow-up period for OCTs was 1 years, while total follow-up period for VFs was 2 years. (B) Testing from a 65-year-old white male. The estimated GCC change rate was -0.61 µm/year and estimated 10-2 VF MD rate of worsening was -0.28 dB/year. Initial follow-up period for OCT was 1 year (GCC thinning are indicated by arrows), while total follow-up period for VF was 4.5 years. Abbreviations: dB = decibel; MD = mean deviation; GCC= ganglion cell complex, Optical Coherence Tomography=OCT, visual field =VF



B.